

Dura Draw 895 Drawing Compound

Dura Draw 895 Drawing Compound is a new wire drawing lubricant developed to add to Baum's line of products offered to copper wire manufacturers. It provides an improvement in lubricant chemistry for copper, brass, and tin-plated copper wire drawing.

It has a biostable synthetic emulsifier system with biostable and oxidation stable performance ingredients. These ingredients were chosen because of their better lubricity and superior detergency while offering much improved foam control.

This product provides improved cleanliness and long coolant life.

FEATURES: The lubricity and wetting characteristics of the product reduces copper fines. The Capstan surfaces, die throats, and machines stay cleaner as compared to competitive products. Performance for various gauges is based on total product concentration determined by Babcock test. Long solution life is built in with biostable ingredients. Special corrosion inhibitors prevent oxidation of the newly drawn metal surface, and provide superior corrosion protection to machine surfaces.

RECOMMENDED USES:

Copper Rod Breakdown: Use Dura Draw 895 at 6 – 10% concentrations.

Intermediate Copper Wire Drawing: Use Dura Draw 895 at 2-5%. Fine Copper Wire Drawing: Use Dura Draw 895 at 2-5%. Multi-Wire (14 gauge->36 gauge): Use Dura Draw 895 at 7.0-9.0%.

TYPICAL PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Viscosity @ 100° F., S.U.S. - 450-490 seconds

Specific Gravity, @ 60° C. -.934 Flash Point, C.O.C. -305 F.

ASTM Color -Clear amber liquid

Weight/gallon -7.79 pH @ 3% concentration -9.2 pH @ 10% concentration -9.4

Emulsion stability, 400 PPM hard water, 5% dilution, 24 hours – NO SEPARATION

Foam, cylinder test -20 seconds

Refractometer factor*

continued

SOLUTION CONTROL: Dilutions of Dura Draw 895 can be determined using an optical refractomer such as American Optical No. 10440.

Refractometer Reading (BRIX) Each percent concentration of product reads direct on the Brix Scale. A 10% dilution would read 10 on the scale. This method is used for rapid in plant control of solution strength. A method for determination of concentration by Babcock test is available on request.

Our laboratory performs more extensive analysis, which consists of total active concentration, pH, conductivity, bacteria, yeast or mold, and total metal concentration.

• Dissolved solids content will gradually increase through water evaporation and make up addition. This will gradually reduce the refractometer concentration factor. The readings should be compared to a recent Babcock Test to determine a new factor for refractive index.

PRODUCT SAFETY: For complete safety and health information, consult the current Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).